CERT Emergency Network



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Introduction

- Introduction to CERTs
- Key problem
- Main research question
- Research methods
- Organizational problems
- Technical solutions
- Deployment
- Conclusion
- Future work

CERTs

Computer Emergency Response Team Ist CERT 1988 after worm attack No hierarchy between CERTs Communication structure Pagers, mobile phones and mailing lists No Emergency Communication plan ■ GOV-CERT, SURFnet-CERT, UvA-CERT Formal structure: SURFnet, UvA, OS3

Key problem

CERTs communicate by Internet and by (mobile) telephones
KPN introduces an All-IP network
No communication possible in case of an emergency
Example 1: SURFnet
Example 2: CISCO

Main research question

Which ways of communication can be used for the CERTs for mutual communication when the regular communications networks (Internet, telephone) fail?

Organizational problems

- No official communication structure in case of emergency
- No overall chart of CERTs
- Who has to communicate with whom?

 Point-to-point communication requires communication plan
 No priority given by CERTs

Technical solutions

Requirements

- Scalable
- Flexible
- Affordable
- Physically separated from the Internet
- Available

Technical solutions

TETRA

- Mobile units and masts
- C2000, MCCN
- KPN Emergency Network
 - PSTN -> All-IP
 - Not a mobile network
 - 6000 connections
- Radio
 - Amateurs, packet radio
- WiMAX
 - 4th Generation Mobile Services
- Satellite communications
 - Flexible, affordable

Overview

	Scalable	Flexible	Affordable	Separated network	Available
TETRA	+	0		+	+
KPN Emergency Network		-	0	-	0
Radio	<u>-</u>	+	++	++	+
WiMAX	+	0	-	-	-
Satellite	++	++	+	+	++

Solution direction

• 6 mobile satellites units:

- € 9.000,00 total non-recurring costs
- € 20,00 per CERT is charged
 - Total of € 1.440,00 per year
- In case the Emergency Network is used, the costs of calling by satellites phone are € 1,00 per minute



Deployment

- To deploy an Emergency Network, the following steps have to be taken:
- 1. Organize a meeting with at least 2 CERTs
- 2. Create agreements on how the network is set up
- 3. Describe these agreements in a communication plan
- 4. Connect all participating CERTs to the satellite network
- 5. Add all CERT names and numbers to the communication plan
- 6. Update and distribute the communication plan on a frequent basis
- 7. Get more CERTs interested to participate in the arisen Emergency Network; start again at step 1.

Conclusion

Which ways of communication can be used for the CERTs for mutual communication when the regular communications network (Internet) fails?

Satellite communication, best solution:

- Completely separated network
- Always worldwide available
- No communication structure between CERTs in case of (partial) failure of the Internet:
 - Communication plan needed.
 - All procedures and (mobile) satellites phone numbers of the participating CERTs
- No priority, CERTs have to take action now!

Future Work

Communication plan
 Further research technical solutions
 Open dialog with radio amateurs
 Research security aspect

The End

Any questions?