

#### **Evaluating the Network Performance of ExoGENI Cloud Computing System**



#### System and Networking Engineering

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# **Cloud Computing**

Fundamental Technology

Virtualization

#### Infrastructure as a Service

 The user can create his own virtual network by combining virtual computers, storage, network devices and other computing resources from the Cloud.

#### The User Problem

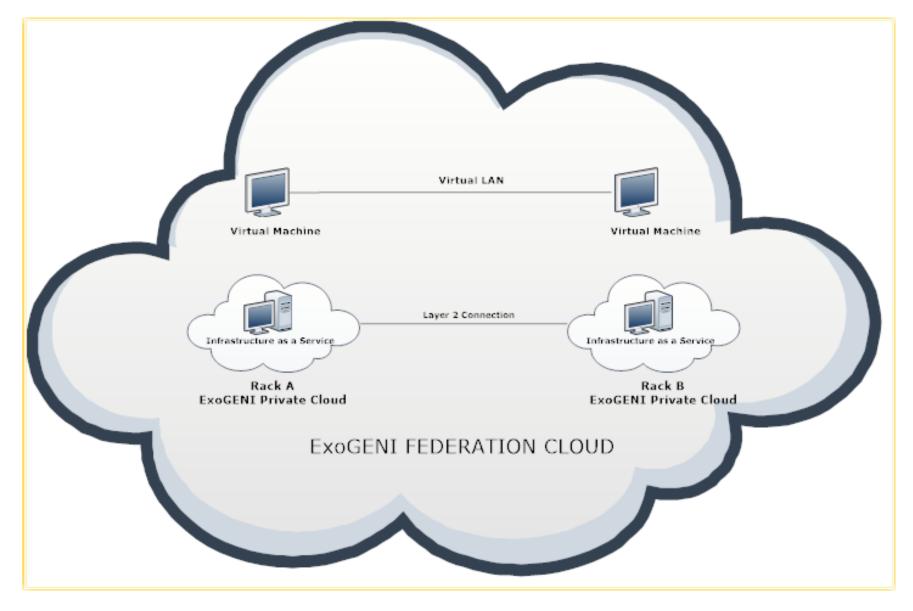
 The user has no knowledge about the physical Infrastructure of his virtual network

## **ExoGENI Cloud Computing System**

- Federated Cloud Computing System
  - Offers IaaS
  - Designed to support Research and Innovation in Networking
- Mostly used for Data-Intensive Applications
  - Network Performance Critical

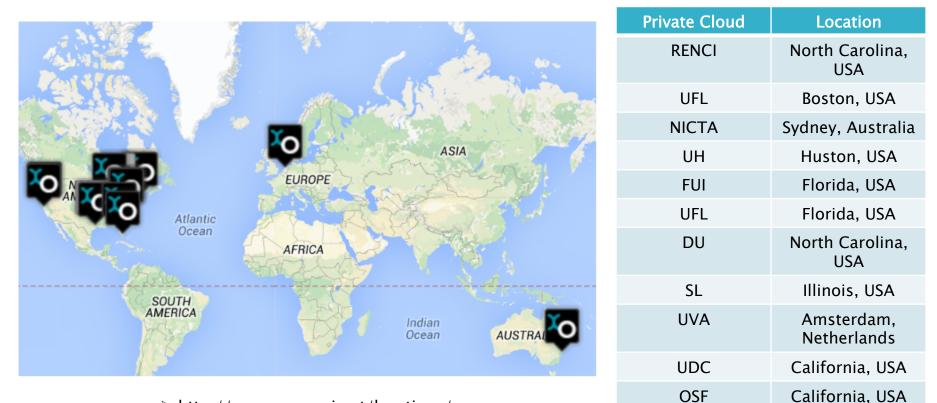
#### **Research Questions**

- What is the network performance on ExoGENI and how suitable is for data-intensive applications?
- Is the network performance on ExoGENI reproducible when the virtual network topologies are reconstructed from scratch with the same attributes?



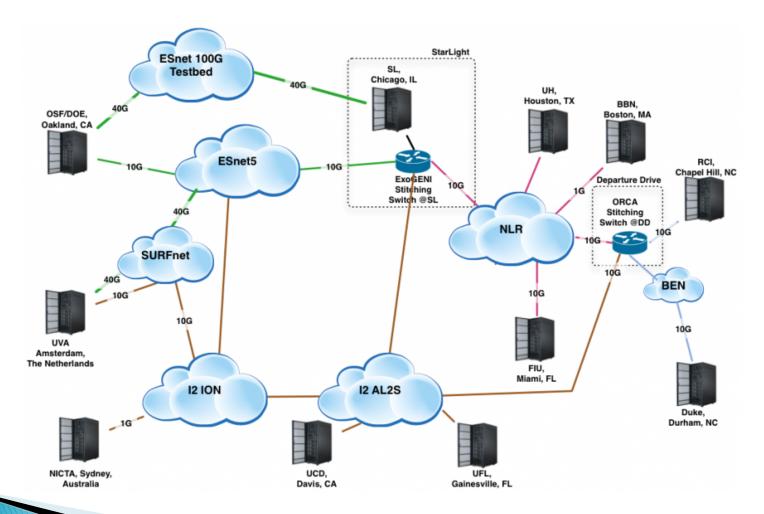
#### **ExoGENI Cloud System Virtualization**

#### Geographical Location of Private ExoGENI Clouds



http://www.exogeni.net/locations/

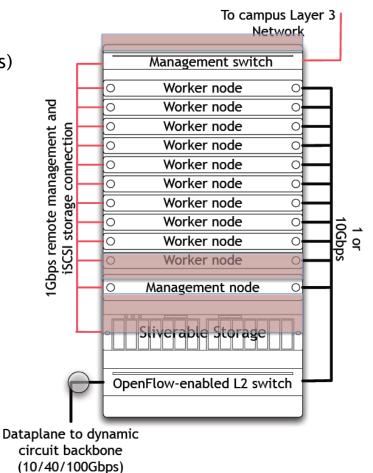
#### Physical Connection of ExoGENI Private Clouds through Circuit Providers



https://wiki.exogeni.net/doku.php?id=public:experimenters:topology

#### **ExoGENI Rack Architecture**

- 11 X3650m4 Servers
  - 10 Worker Nodes (User Access)
  - 1 Management Node (Management Access)
- 1 iSCSI Storage (OS images, Measurement DATA)
- 1/10G Ethernet Infrastructure (Machines Interconnection)
- 1 8052 1/10G management switch (Provisioning and Managing the Rack)
- 1 8264 10/40/100G OpenFlow-enabled Dataplane Switch(Interconnection with a circuit provider)



http://groups.geni.net/geni/attachment/wiki/GEC12GENIDeploymentUpdates /GEC12-ExoGENI-Racks-campuses.pdf?format=raw

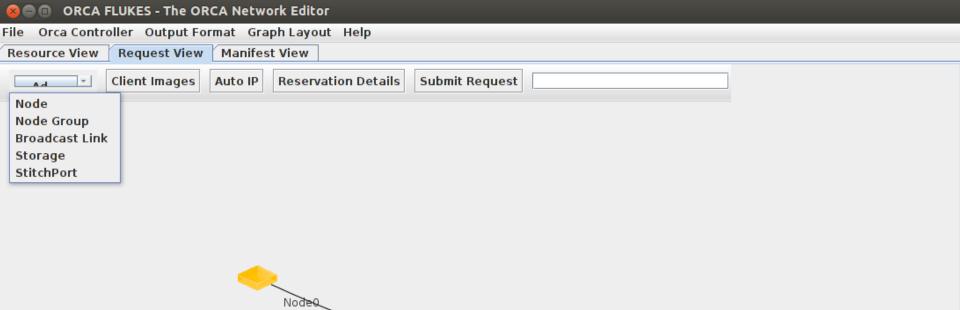
# **Control framework**

#### ORCA

- Provision resources by using leases
- Uses OpenStack
- Provisioning Resources Problems
  - Not available resources
  - Failing nodes
  - Technical problems
  - 5 maintenances

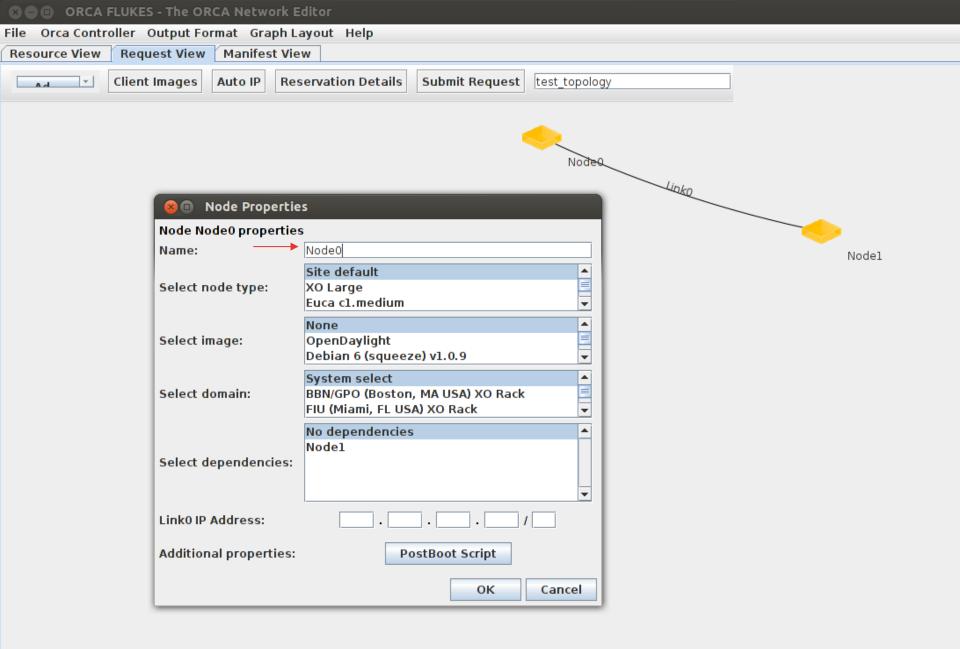
#### Creating Network Topologies on ExoGENI

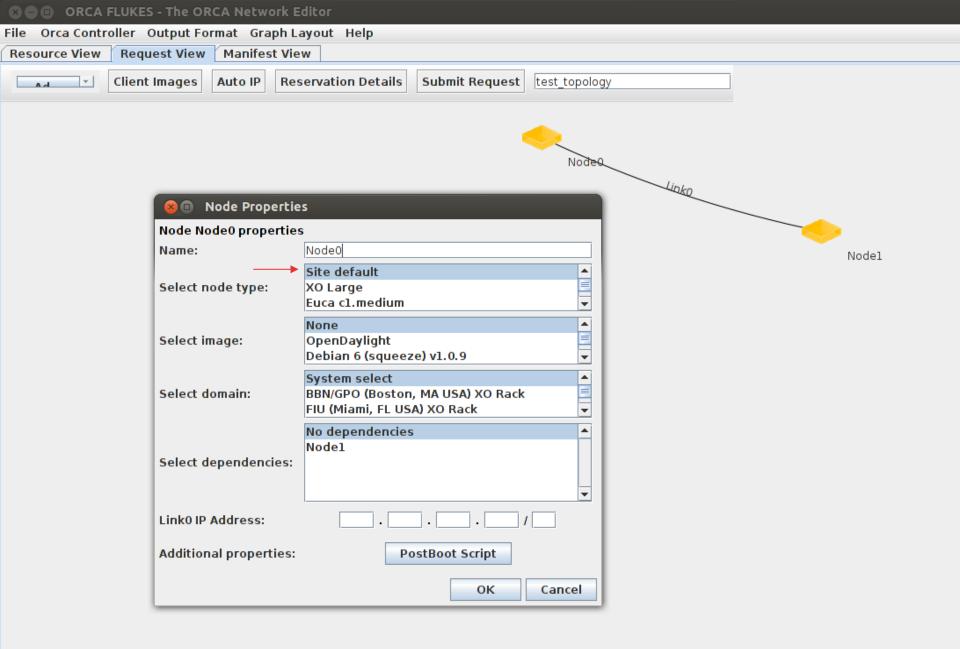
- FLUKES: User tool for creating network topologies on ExoGENI through a GUI.
  - NDL–OWL
  - Functionalities
    - Create
    - Modify
    - Inspect

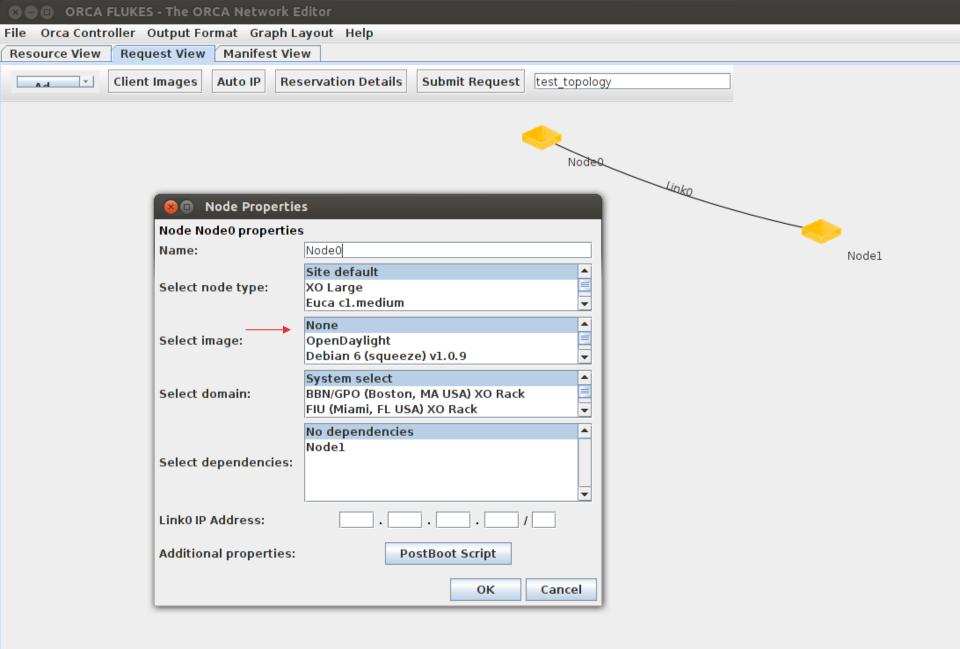


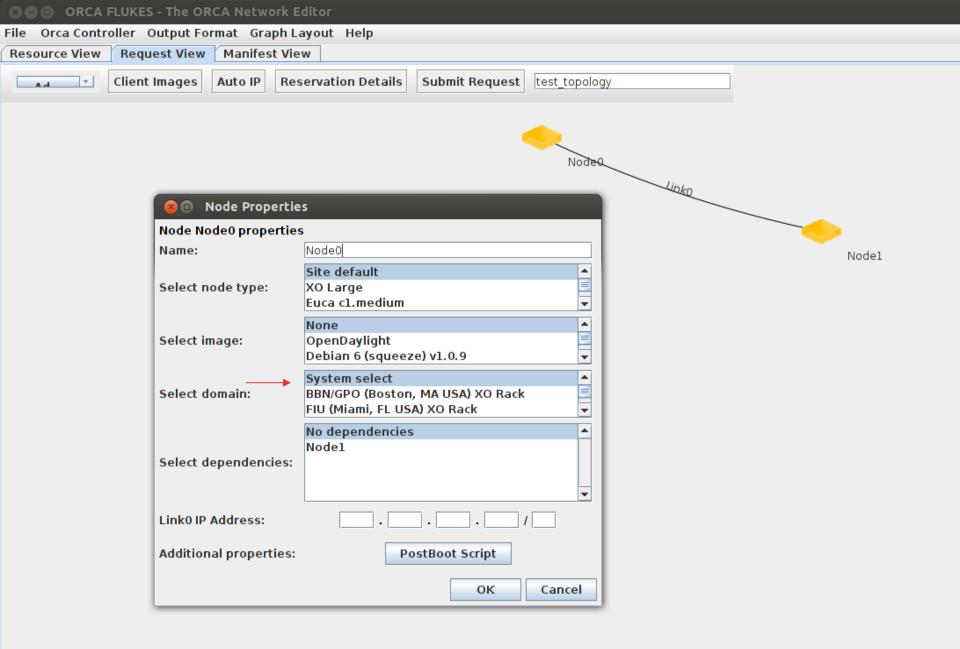
Nodel

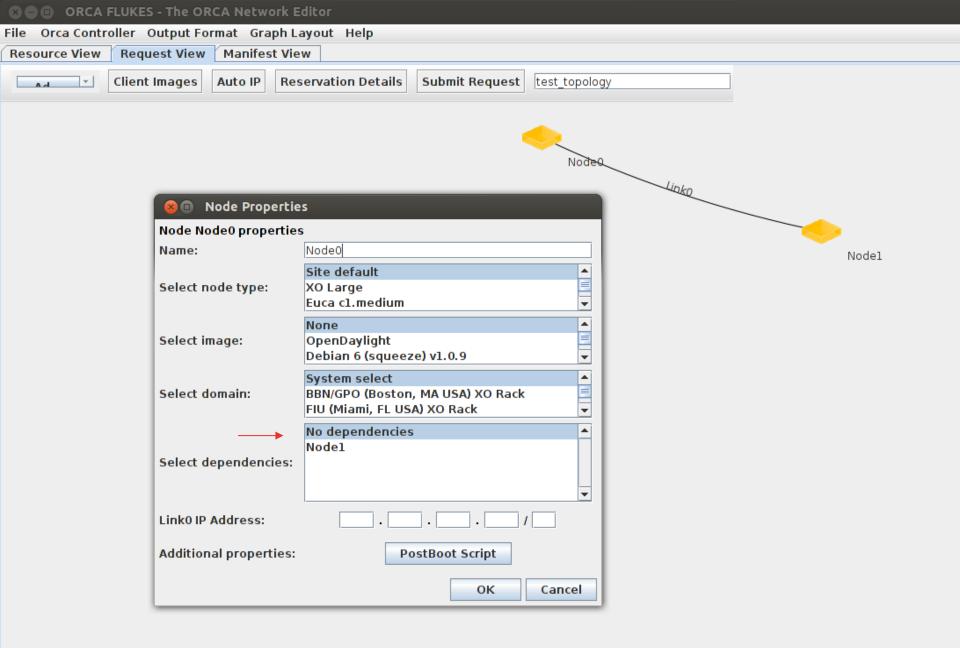
Linko

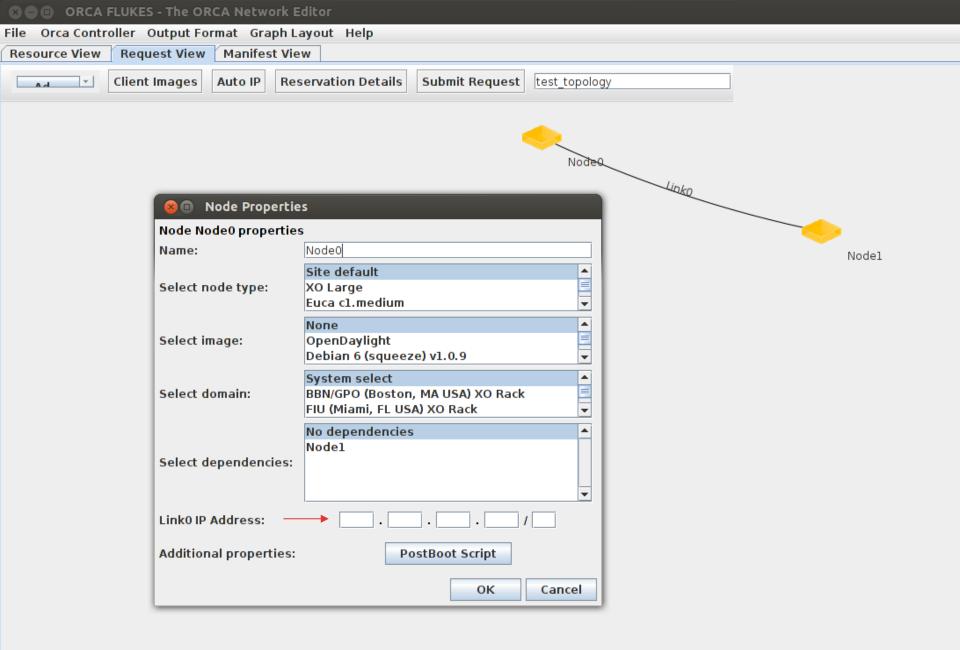


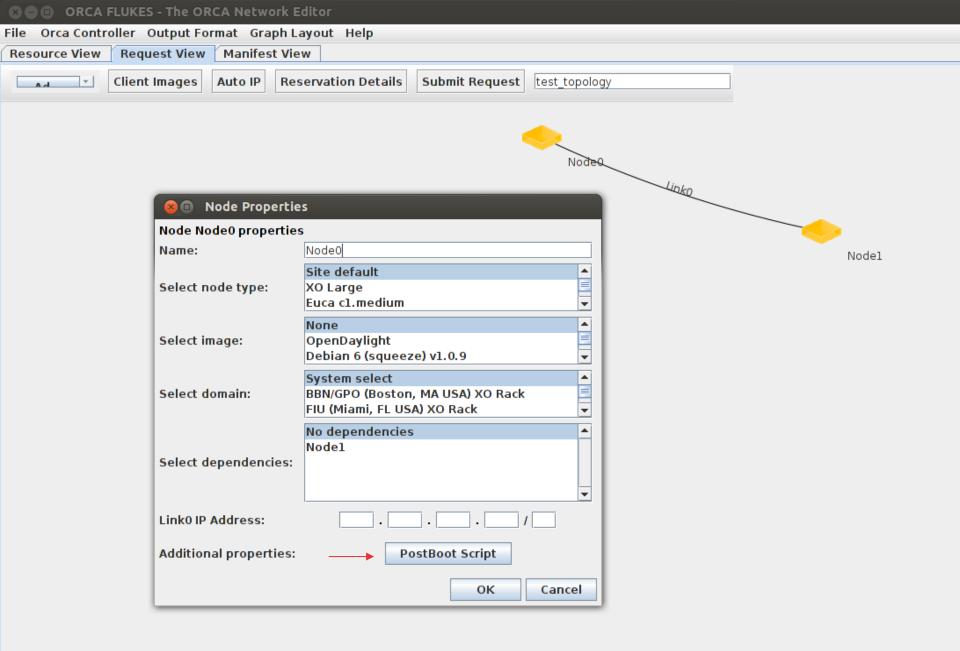


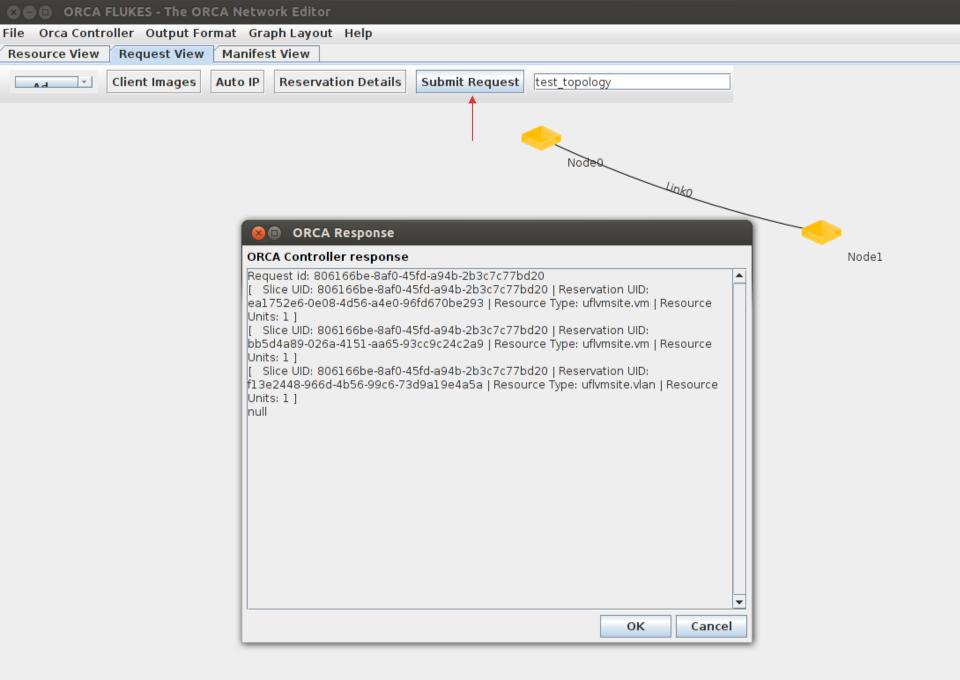












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Resource View Request View Manifest View								
My Slices Query for Manifest test_topology	View Raw Response	Extend Reservation	Commit Modify Actions	Clear Modify Actions	Delete slice			

	😣 🗉 View current resource states.	
	Resource states (start: Sun Feb 02 16:36:39 PST 201	4 end: Mon Feb 03 16:36:39 PST 2014):
/	Resource Name	Resource State
	Node0/0	Ticketed
Linko	Nodel/0	Ticketed
LIUBA	Link0	Active
Nodel/0		
		OK Cancel

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File Orca Controller Output Format Graph Layout	Help
Resource View Request View Manifest View	
My Slices Query for Manifest test_topology	View Raw Response Extend Reservation Commit Modify Actions Clear Modify Actions

#### Nodel/0

Linko

#### 😣 🗈 View current resource states.

#### Resource states (start: Sun Feb 02 16:27:17 PST 2014 end: Mon Feb 03 16:27:17 PST 2014):

	Resource Name	Resource State
Node0/0		Active
Nodel/0		Active
Link0		Active
		OK Cancel

File Orca Controller Output Format Graph Layout	Help	
Resource View Request View Manifest View		
My Slices Query for Manifest test_topology	View Raw Response	Extend Reservatio
hinko Node1/0		:09:42 UTC 2014 ses: 67 logged in: 0 ress for eth0: 10.103 at https://landscape Cloud Guest

#### **Experimental Scenarios**

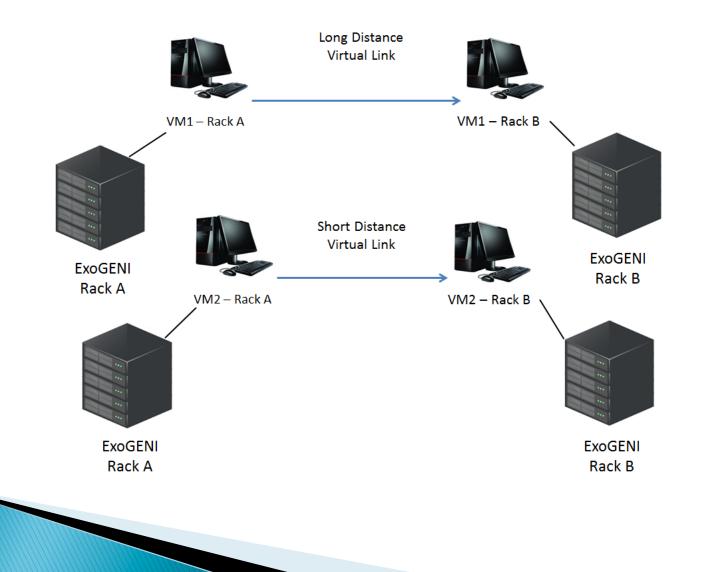
Cloud	Scenarios	Communication	Distance	Virtual Links Bandwidth
Inter-Racks	Experiment 1	Point to Point	Short – Long	10Mbps
	Experiment 2	Point to Multiple Points	-	10Mbps
Intra-Racks	Experiment 3	Point to Point	Same Server – Different Server	100Mbps
	Experiment 4	Point to Multiple Points	-	100Mbps
Both	Reproducability	All	All	Both

## **Network Performance Metrics**

#### Experimental Scenario 1 - 4

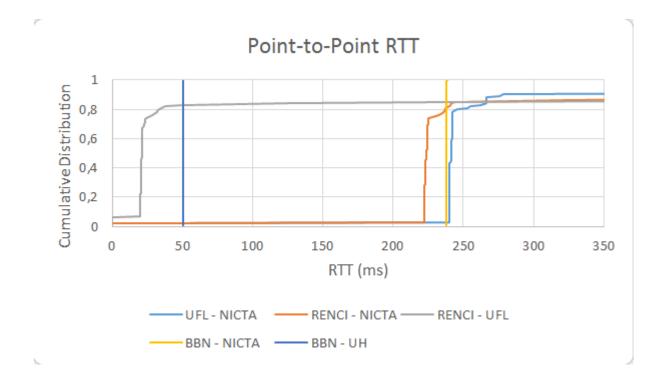
Metric	Measurements	Measurement Interval (Minutes)	Measurement Time(Second)
TCP Throughput	100	10	60
UDP Throughput	100	10	60
Packet Loss	100	10	60
RTT	100	10	60

## Experimental Scenario 1

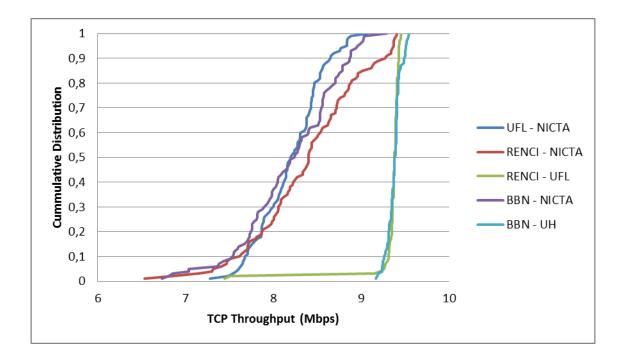


### **Experiment** 1

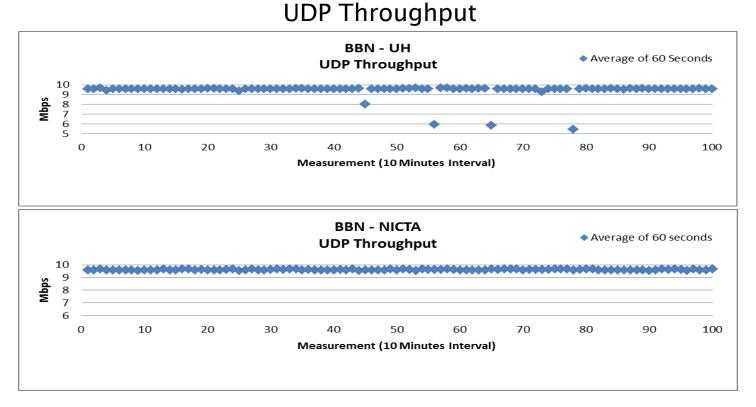
A/A	Rack A	Rack B	Distance
1	RENCI, USA	NICTA, AUSTRALIA	Long
2	UFL, USA	NICTA, AUSTRALIA	Long
3	BBN, USA	NICTA, AUSTRALIA	Long
4	RENCI, USA	UFL, USA	Short
5	BBN, USA	UH, USA	Short



- 5-times bigger RTT on long distances
- Minor abnormalities

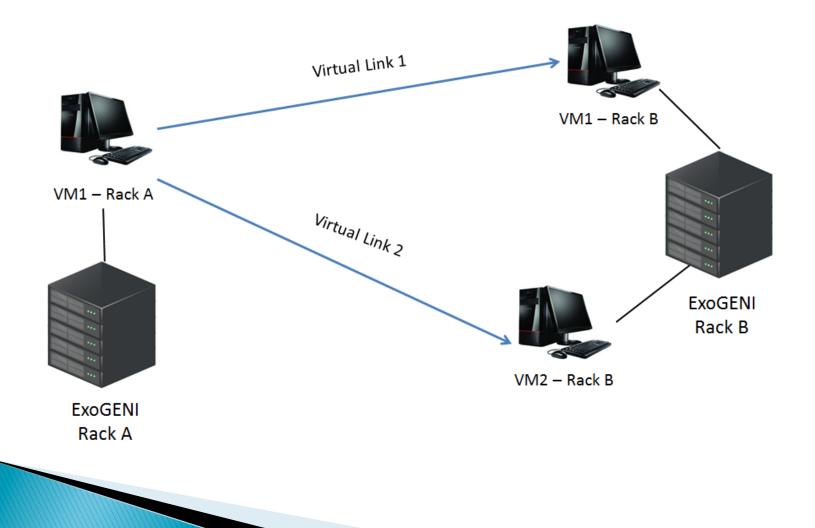


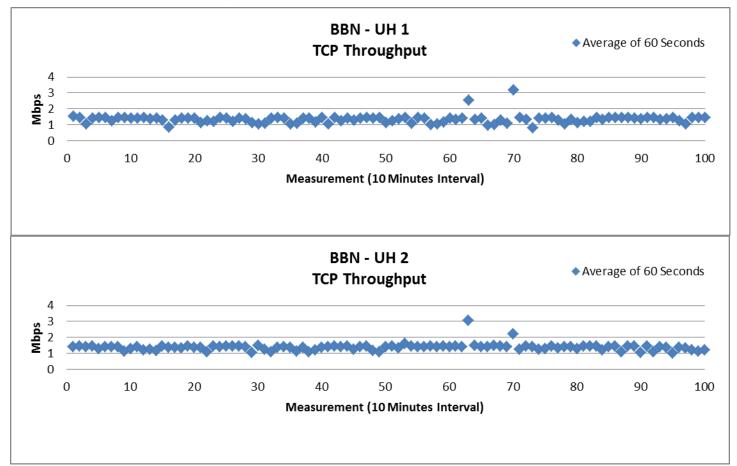
Long Distance Connections have lower average TCP Throughput because of higher RTT



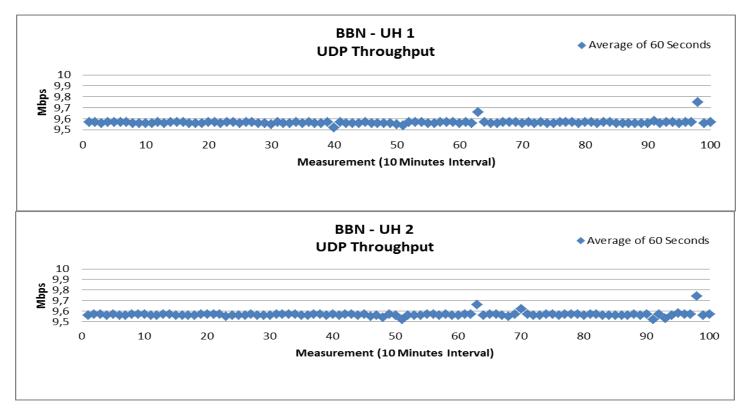
UDP Throughput for short and long distance connections is approximately the same. (No ACK needed on UDP packets => No RTT for ACK) 4 cases of high packet loss rate(40%) for UDP short distance connection = > Long Distance more Stable for UDP Connections. Packet Loss : BBN - UH(5.4%), BBN - NICTA(4%)

## **Experimental Scenario 2**



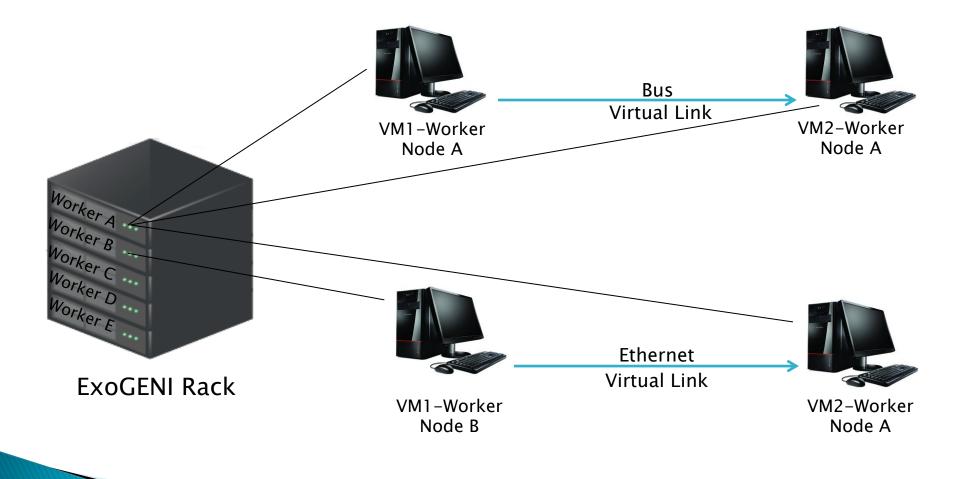


Abnormal Behavior of TCP Connections



- UDP Throughput implies no competition upon the physical Infrastructure
- Packet Loss(4%)

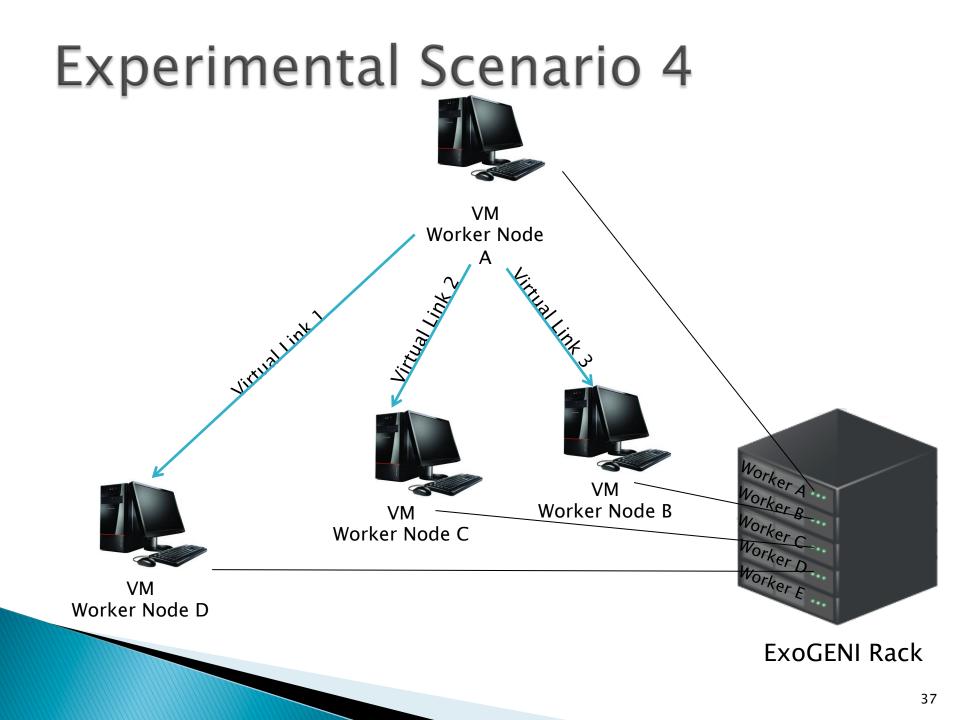
## **Experimental Scenario 3**



Exo GENI Rack	Throu	TCP Throughput (Mbps)		UDP Throughput (Mbps)		et Loss %)		RTT seconds
	VMs on Same Worker Node	VMs on Different Worker Node	VMs on Same Worker Node	VMs on Different Worker Node	VMs on Same Worker Node	VMs on Different Worker Node	VMs on Same Worker Node	VMs on Different Worker Node
UFL	100	99,7	95,9	95,9	4	4	0,337	0,832
UH	100	99,6	95,8	95,7	4	4	0,341	0,811

Network performance is the same independently on which Worker Node the Virtual Machines are located.

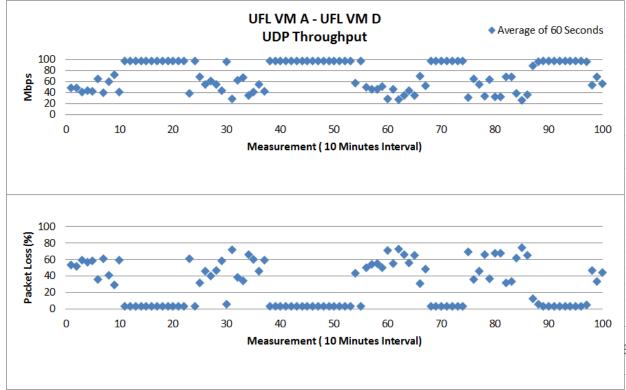
RTT for VMs on different worker node is ~2 times bigger than VMs on the same worker node



ExoGENI Rack	TCP Throughput (Mbps)			UD	P Throughput (Mbps)	
	VM Worker Node B	VM Worker Node C	VM Worker Node D	VM Worker Node B	VM Worker Node C	VM Worker Node D
UFL	99,9	99,9	99,9	96,6	95	72
UH	99,9	99,9	99,9	95	94	77

TCP Throughput is the same for all connections for both RACKS UDP Throughput has an abnormal behavior for the VM on Worker Node D on both Racks.

UDP low average UDP throughput is caused by a lot of packet loss in specific time intervals.



# Reproducability of Experiments

The topology was deleted and recreated 100 times with 5 minutes interval between each same experiment repetition. The above measurements were taken for each repetition.

Metric	Measurements	Measurement Interval (Minutes)	Measurement Time(Second)
TCP Throughput	10	5	20
UDP Throughput	10	5	20
Packet Loss	10	5	20
RTT	10	5	20

# Results: Reproducability

	Reproducability	Results
Experiment 1	Not Available Resources	-
Experiment 2	Not Available Resources	_
Experiment 3	Possible	Same as Initial Experiment
Experiment 4	Possible	Same as Initial Experiment

# Conclusion

- Federated Cloud
  - Short Distance end to end point communication TCP and UDP stable.
  - Long Distance end to end point communication UDP stable, TCP unstable.
  - One to Multiple communication UDP stable, TCP unstable.
  - Reproducability of experiments No Results.

#### Private Cloud

- End to end point communication TCP and UDP stable.
- One to Multiple communication TCP stable, UDP unstable.
- Reproducability of network performance 100%.

#### Thank you!

#### Questions ?