AN OVERVIEW ON HIDING AND DETECTING STEGO-DATA IN VIDEO STREAMS

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Research Question

Background

Literature Study

Analysis

Conclusion

RESEARCH QUESTION

Which methods are available for (real-time) steganalysis on a video-stream and how can these be prevented?

- \cdot Which are the steganography methods available for video-stream?
- \cdot Which are the steganalysis methods available for video-stream?
- $\cdot\,$ How can steganography be prevented on a video-stream?

BACKGROUND

The art and science of hiding communication

Originates from the ancient Greek

- · steganos (covered)
- · graphein (writing)



Source: https://developer.apple.com/

Earliest recordings from the Greek historian Herodotus (440 BC)

- · Prisoners scalp tattooed to deliver secret messages
- \cdot Wooden tables carved before applying its wax surface

On the XV century Johannes Trithemius wrote about

• Invisible inks, Coding techniques for text, Hidden messages in music

Used to send hidden messages during World War II

· Null ciphers, Image substitution, Microdots

Similar to Steganography

- On Steganography the data embedded should be covert and undetectable
- · On Watermarking it does not matter, however ...
- ... any attempt to remove it should result in significant degradation of the quality of the carrier file

Commonly used to help trace the origin of files

Different from Steganography

- \cdot Cryptography scrambles a message so it cannot be understood
- \cdot Steganography hides the message so it cannot be seen

Both are used to protect confidential information ...

 $\cdot\,$... therefore often confused

Security of a steganographic system is defined by its strength to defeat detection

Practice of detecting the presence of messages that have been hidden using steganography

Ideally the content of the hidden message is also determined

Steganalysis attacks can be active or passive

- $\cdot\,$ On active attacks a steganalyst can manipulate the data
- $\cdot\,$ On passive attack the steganalyst is only able to analyze the information without changing it

Attacks used by steganalysts to detect steganography on files can be:

- · Visual Attacks
- · Structural Attacks
- · Statistical Attacks

The simplest form of attacking a steganographic system Based on the visual analysis of the image

• Noticeable differences indicate that the image probably carries hidden information

If the carrier is not known this attacks becomes very hard

Analysis of known properties of the algorithms used to hide information

 \cdot Analysed further if found any properties of these algorithms

Outputs a lot of false positives

 \cdot Used to highlight images which show signs of possible embedding

Depends a lot on if the carrier file is known

Statistical analysis done using mathematical formulas

 \cdot Much more effective than the Visual or Structural attacks

It is successful even without knowing the carrier file ...

 $\cdot\,$... however it fails to determine the hidden data's size

LITERATURE STUDY

Big variety of techniques used to camouflage information:

- · Injection
 - · By far the simplest steganographic technique
 - $\cdot\,$ Hides a message in parts of a file that are "ignored" by the application
- · Substitution
 - $\cdot\,$ Identify areas of a file of least relevance
 - $\cdot\,$ Replace this data with the hidden information
 - $\cdot\,$ Does not modify the size of the container file ...
 - $\cdot \,$... therefore the steganographic capacity of the file is limited

List Significant Bits Manipulation

- · LSB Sequential Insertion
- · LSB Pseudo Random Insertion
 - Pseudo Random Number Generator (PRNG) is used to randomly hide the secret bits of the message into the LSB of the carrier file



source: http://lvee.org/uploads/abstract_file/file/111/2.png

Generally used on compressed container files, such as JPEG or MPEG

- · Discrete Cosine Transform
 - $\cdot\,$ Algorithm works by using quantization
 - \cdot Rounding values of least important parts (not noticeable by the human eye)
 - \cdot Image is split into smaller areas to be transformed via DCT
 - $\cdot\,$ Quantization on the frequencies is then applied
 - $\cdot\,$ This is the stage where the secret message is injected
 - · Finally the image is compressed
 - $\cdot\,$ No impact on the integrity of the secret message
- · Discrete Wavelet Transform
 - Makes it possible to rise the level of robustness of the information being hidden
 - $\cdot\,$ If the threshold is too high the stego-file has detectable differences

Regards reducing and removing redundant video data ...

 \cdot ... with no undesirable effects on the visual quality

Lossless Compression

• Every single bit of data that was originally in the file remains after the file is uncompressed

Lossy Compression

- $\cdot\,$ Discards the points which are difficult to identify by the human eye
- \cdot Resulting image is similar to the original image
- $\cdot\,$ Generally used on video and sound

Contains the various components of a video

 $\cdot\,$ Such as the stream of images or the sound



Source: https://msdn.microsoft.com/

ANALYSIS

Create some stego-videos

OppenPuff

Perform known attacks

- · Visual Attack
- · Statistical Attack
- · Structural Attack

Created by Cosimo Oliboni

The users to hide information in a wide range of carrier formats

· 3gp, Mp4, Mpeg II, etc.

Possible to hide data in more than a single carrier file

- 2 important factors were taken into consideration
- · Embedding efficiency
- · Embedding payload

Based on Niels Provos paper *Defending Against Statistical Steganalysis*

• which states "steganalysis resistance and performance are incompatible trade-offs"



source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:OpenPuff

Performed by

- $\cdot\,$ Reproducing both the original and stego videos
- $\cdot\,$ Comparing and analysing individual frames from the original and from the stego-file



Original file frame



Stego-file frame

Program ent used to perform this attack

- Entropy Information density of the contents of the file
- · Chi-square Test
 - $\cdot\,$ greater than 99% and less than 1% almost surely not random
 - $\cdot\,$ between 99% and 95% or between 1% and 5% considered suspect
 - $\cdot\,$ between 90% and 95% or between 5% and 10% not sure to be suspect
- Arithmetic Mean Result of the sum of all the bytes in the file divided by the its length
- \cdot Monte Carlo Value for Pi If the sequence is close to random, the value will approach the correct value of π
- Serial Correlation Coefficient Calculates how much each byte in the file depends on the previous byte

Values are very similar and do not raise any suspicious upon the stego-file

	Original	Stego	Expected
Entropy	1%	1%	0%
Chi-square Test	0.01%	0.01%	N/A
Arithmetic Mean	127.0006	126.5138	127.5
Monte Carlo	3.025822076	3.010476826	π
Value for Pi			
Serial Correlation	0.147440	0.154106	0.0
Coefficient			

Based on the comparison of the original file and the stego-file

 $\cdot\,$ hexdump of both files was analyzed

0000:0000	000 000 000 020	102 116 121 112	051 103 112 052	000 000 002 000	ftyp3gp4
0000:0010	051 103 112 052	800 000 000 008	102 114 101 101	000 080 174 010	3gp4free.P8.

File type header hexdump from the original file

0000:0000 000 000 000 020 102 116 121 112 051 103 112 052 000 000 002 000ftyp3gp4.... 0000:0010 051 103 112 052 000 000 000 08 102 114 101 101 000 081 012 091 3gp4....ftee Q i

File type header hexdump from the stego-file

Last four bytes of the header are changed

- $\cdot\,$ These bytes are an offset pointing to the beginning of the header that belongs to the MOOV box ...
- $\cdot\,$... which defines the timescale, duration, display characteristics of the movie, as well as sub-boxes containing information for each track in the movie

hexdump of both files is different since some bytes were inserted outside this box

Pattern followed through out the stego-file, outside the MOOV box

0000:05A0	EB 4A D9 A8	D0 E2 8D 1A	8D 0E 28 D1	0F D3 C9 2F	ëJÙ"Đâ(Ñ.ÓÉ/	0000:05A0	EB 4A D9 A8	D0 E2 8D 1A	8D 0E 28 D1	OF D3 C9 2F	ēJU"Đā(N.OE/
0000:05B0	65 1A 1C 51	A3 E6 87 14	68 C7 D5 DE	04 00 00 6C	eQ£æhÇÕÞ1	0000:05B0	65 1A 1C 51	A3 E6 87 14	68 C7 D5 08	DE 04 00 00	eQ£æhÇÖ.Þ
0000:05C0	69 62 66 61	61 63 20 31	2E 32 35 00	00 42 40 93	ibfaac 1.25B@.	0000:05C0	6C 69 62 66	61 61 <u>63 2</u> 0	31 2E 32 35	00 00 42 40	libfaac 1.25B@
0000:05D0	20 04 32 00	47 21 47 FE	FB 8B 94 E9	51 95 EB 55	.2.G!GþůéQ.ēU	0000:05D0	93 20 04 32	00 47 11 21	47 FE FB 88	94 E9 51 95	2.G.!GpûéQ.
0000:05E0	AE 00 00 1F	FD 9F FO 00	00 FC 47 C5	00 00 FD CD	ℝý.ðüGÅýÍ	0000:05E0	EB 55 AE 00	00 1F FD 9F	F0 00 00 FC	47 C5 00 00	ēU8ý.ðüGÅ
0000:05F0	00 00 35 FC	30 00 3E 8F	BC 00 00 00	3E 8D 6B 60	5ü0.>.¼>.k`	0000:05F0	FD CD 00 00	35 FC 30 00	3E 8F BC 00	00 00 3E 8D	ýÍ5ü0.>.¼>.
0000:0600	00 7E 06 2F	12 5C C9 73	25 D3 57 BA	E2 80 00 E8	.~./.\És%ÓW°âè	0000:0600	6B 60 00 7E	06 2F 12 5C	C9 73 25 D3	57 BA E2 80	k`.~./.\És%ÓW°â.
0000:0610	2F 2F F9 FF	F8 E0 12 89	E6 9F ED FF	78 00 1F 5F	//ùÿøàæ.íÿx	0000:0610	00 E8 2F 2F	F9 FF F8 E0	12 89 E6 9F	ED FF 78 00	.è//ùÿøàæ.íÿx.
0000:0620	90 00 C2 3A	BF E7 00 80	AE FF EE 60	00 00 13 36	Â:¿ç@ÿî`6	0000:0620	1F 5F 90 00	C2 3A BF E7	00 80 AE FF	EE 60 00 00	Â:¿ç®ÿî`
0000:0630	FB BD 66 3A	CO 00 00 01	F7 9E 83 6B	80 21 47 FE	û%f:À÷k.!Gþ	0000:0630	13 36 FB BD	66 3A CO 00	00 01 F7 9E	83 6B 80 04	.6û%f:À÷k
0000:0640	FF 92 84 C5	18 94 BB BC	E0 69 BB 4B	AD 60 B3 03	ÿÅ»¼ài»K `³.	0000:0640	21 47 FE FF	92 84 C5 18	94 BB BC E0	69 BB 48 AD	!GþÿÅ»¼ài»K
0000:0650	DE 93 6B 63	93 AB C9 D5	D1 16 9A 61	71 75 6F 58	Þ.kc.«ÉŐŇaquoX	0000:0650	60 B3 03 DE	93 6B 63 93	AB C9 D5 D1	16 9A 61 71	3. P. kc. «ÉÓN aq
0000:0660	BC C3 D6 01	4A 3C BD 21	F8 39 1B 60	7D 06 60 94	%ÃÖ.J<½!ø9.`}.`.	0000:0660	75 6F 58 BC	C3 D6 01 4A	3C BD 21 F8	39 1B 60 7D	uoX¼Ã0.J<½!ø9.`}
0000:0670	B5 OF 78 3B	8A F7 C2 E1	ED 11 C3 68	47 B2 45 A8	µ.x;.÷Âáí.ÃhG²E″	0000:0670	06 60 94 B5	OF 78 3B 8A	F7 C2 E1 ED	11 C3 68 47	.`.μ.x;.÷Äái.ÄhG
0000:0680	96 89 73 39	9E CF A6 7D	09 6C EB 39	85 17 23 19	s9.Ϧ}.lë9#.	0000:0680	B2 45 A8 96	89 73 39 9E	CF A6 7D 09	6C EB 39 85	² E [*] .,s9.I¦}.lë9.
0000:0690	A4 D3 09 C7	03 1A 0E 8C	17 4A 5C A9	5D CB 9A 15	¤Ó.ÇJ\©]Ë	0000:0690	17 23 19 A4	D3 09 C7 03	1A 0E 8C 17	4A 5C A9 5D	.#.¤0.ÇJ\©]
0000:06A0	15 F4 79 FA	91 64 8D E3	21 E8 8D A6	AA DO BA C7	.ôyú.d.ā!è.¦⁰аÇ	0000:06A0	CB 9A 15 15	F4 79 FA 91	64 8D E3 21	E8 8D A6 AA	Eôyú.d.ā!è.¦
0000:06B0	B5 6D 06 AE	3A 37 4F 2D	6E 7C 6D 83	D1 47 89 B3	µm.0:70-n m.NG.3	0000:06B0	D0 BA C7 B5	6D 06 AE 3A	37 4F 2D 6E	7C 6D 83 D1	аǵm.®:70-n m.N
0000:06C0	BB 75 D3 02	43 AF CA D9	3B B7 24 OF	OF 29 AE 4E	»uÔ.CĒÙ; \$)®N	0000:06C0	47 89 B3 BB	75 D3 02 43	AF CA D9 3B	B7 24 OF OF	G. *»u0. C EU; *\$
0000:06D0	40 OF 7B OD	D2 00 00 00	31 E4 7D 37	00 00 00 0E	@.{.01ā}7	0000:06D0	29 AE 4E 40	OF 7B 0D D2	00 00 00 31	E4 7D 37 00)8N@.{.01ä}7.
0000:06E0	00 00 01 B6	50 C8 E1 45	DA 78 20 72	03 AE CA F0	¶PÉáEÚx r.®Éð	0000:06E0	00 00 0E <mark>0A</mark>	00 00 01 B6	50 C8 E1 45	DA 78 20 72	PEáEUx r
0000:06F0	77 86 BD BB	27 DE 77 89	E6 EA EC 57	49 E6 F0 49	w.½»'Þw.æêìWIæðI	0000:06F0	03 AE CA FU	77 86 BD BB	27 DE 77 89	E6 EA EC 57	.@Eðw.½»'Pw.æêiW
0000:0700	F7 8D DB 79	3C 3B CB BD	3A 05 DE 4E	D3 93 7D DA	+.Uy<;E½:.PNO.}U	0000:0700	49 E6 F0 49	F7 8D DB 79	3C 3B CB BD	3A 05 DE 4E	IæðI÷.Uy<;E½:.ÞN
0000:0710	FB 09 8A 77	DD 7D DB D8	6C 99 D6 F4	F7 BD BE F7	ûwŶ}ÜØ1.Oô÷½¾÷	0000:0710	D3 93 7D DA	FB 09 8A 77	DD 7D DB D8	6C 99 D6 F4	0.}UŭwY}UØ1.0ô
0000:0720	B9 B7 4D D2	F7 6B 76 9D	93 D3 90 DF	BA EE 93 82	' MO÷kvO.ß°î	0000:0720	F7 BD BE F7	B9 B7 4D D2	F7 6B 76 9D	93 D3 90 DF	+½¾+1 MO+kv0.B
0000:0730	6D CA E7 7D	D5 DD DD D5	D5 CE EE 21	66 CF FF FF	mEç}ÖÝÝÖÖIî!fIÿÿ	0000:0730	BA EE 93 82	6D CA E7 7D	D5 DD DD D5	D5 CE EE 00	°îmEç}OYYOOIî.
0000:0740	FF 96 50 B0	50 2C 18 0A	09 84 A1 41	38 48 48 12	ÿ.P°P,;A8HH.	0000:0740	21 66 CF FF	FF FF 96 50	B0 50 2C 18	0A 09 84 A1	!†Iÿÿÿ.P°P,;
0000:0750	10 85 42 21	21 28 44 6E	BB EF EF 7E	3C 7D F7 AD	B!!(Dn»ĩĩ~<}÷	0000:0750	41 38 48 48	12 10 85 42	21 21 28 44	6E BB EF EF	A8HHB!!(Dn»11
0000:0760	F3 E7 7D 55	5F 37 AF 1A	80 7A 9F 5F	D1 5F FF F3	óç}U_7zN_ÿó	0000:0760	7E 3C 7D F7	AD F3 E7 7D	55 5F 37 AF	1A 80 7A 9F	~<}+ oç}U_7z.
0000:0770	CF D1 34 AD	7F 2F 0C 9F	OF 8D 59 D7	8D C6 3B D8	IN4 ./Y×.Æ;Ø	0000:0770	5F D1 5F FF	F3 CF D1 34	AD 7F 2F 0C	9F 0F 8D 59	_N_ÿÓIN4 ./Y
0000:0780	FE 4B E3 F7	DF 5D 93 70	5A CF E1 E5	59 09 F9 CE	þKā÷B].pZľáåY.ùľ	0000:0780	D7 8D C6 3B	D8 FE 4B E3	F7 DF 5D 93	70 5A CF E1	×.Æ;ØþKā÷ß].pZIá
0000:0790	4A 31 E8 ED	AE 30 AE B0	5E C7 1A 65	A4 CC BC D6	J1èi®08°^Ç.e¤İ%Ö	0000:0790	E5 59 09 F9	CE 4A 31 E8	ED AE 30 AE	B0 5E C7 1A	aY.uIJ1ei®0®°^Ç.

Original file hexdump

Stego-file hexdump

Although it could not be proved ...

- $\cdot\,$... these bytes might be related to the size of the file being hidden
- $\cdot\,$... as well as the password(s) used to encrypt the message

Assumption is made based on Niels Provos paper

• Stated that "32 state bits are hidden, 16 bits for a seed and 16 bits for an integer containing the length of the message being hidden"

Important to notice that the video container format may change, therefore the optimal location of the moov box will be depend on this

While analysing in detail the MOOV box, it was noticed that the bytes were modified

0003:8860 04 8C 73 74 63 6F 00 11 04 20 00 00 01 1F 00 00 ...stco 0003:8410 8C 73 74 63 6F 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 1F 00 00 00 .stco 0003:8870 00 24 00 00 06 E4 00 00 09 73 00 00 14 65 00 00 < 0003:8420 24 00 00 06 E0 00 00 09 6B 00 00 14 59 00 00 1E 0003:8880 1F 05 00 00 22 8E 00 00 25 82 00 00 28 8D 00 00 0003:8430 F5 00 00 22 7A 00 00 25 6A 00 00 28 71 00 00 2A 0. 0003:8440 BD 00 00 2E 02 00 00 30 AF 00 00 35 33 00 00 3C 1/2 0003:8890 2A DC 00 00 2E 25 00 00 30 D6 00 00 35 5E . .% . < 0003:88A0 3D 03 00 00 44 D9 00 00 48 60 00 00 4B 50 00 00 =...**D**Ù. 0003:8450 D4 00 00 44 A6 00 00 48 29 00 00 4B 15 00 00 4D Ô D! H) 0003:88B0 4D C9 00 00 50 BF 00 00 53 FB 00 00 57 0C 00 00 MÉ P2 SÛ W 0003:8460 88 00 00 50 7D 00 00 53 B5 00 00 56 C2 00 00 59 0003:8470 78 00 00 5C 9A 00 00 5F 56 00 00 61 EF 00 00 63 x . . C 0003:88C0 59 C6 00 00 5C EC 00 00 5F AC 00 00 62 49 0003:8480 88 00 00 65 F2 00 00 68 65 00 00 6A D2 00 00 6D 0003:88D0 63 E8 00 00 66 53 00 00 68 CA 00 00 6B 3B 00 00 . m 0003:8490 48 00 00 70 29 00 00 74 C7 00 00 79 94 00 00 7D H 0003:88E0 6D B5 00 00 70 9A 00 00 75 3C 00 00 7A 0D 0003:8440 0003:88F0 7D 91 00 00 80 90 00 00 84 04 00 00 87 1D 00 00 0003:84B0 9F 00 00 8C 2F 00 00 8E D9 00 00 91 4E 0003:8900 8A 2B 00.00 8C BE 00.00 8E 6D 00.00 91 E6 0003:84C0 CB 00 00 94 D1 00 00 96 EF 00 00 99 12 00 00 9F 0003:8910 93 66 00 00 95 70 00 00 97 92 00 00 99 B9 0003:84D0 9A 00 00 A6 40 00 00 A9 E8 00 00 AC 79 0003:8920 A0 45 00 00 A6 EF 00 00 AA 9B 00 00 AD 30 00 00 AE 0003:84E0 A8 00 00 B1 F9 00 00 B4 CA 00 00 B7 D1 ٠Ň 0003:8930 AF 62 00 00 B2 B7 00 00 B5 8C 00 00 B8 BA ±ù. 0003:84F0 66 00 00 BC ED 00 00 BF 38 00 00 C3 C7 00 00 C8 f..%i .ÃÇ. È 0003:8940 BB 30 00 00 BD BB 00 00 C0 0A 00 00 C4 9D 00 00 Î...Ô 0003:8950 C9 6F 00 00 CC 23 00 00 CF 73 00 00 D2 B9 0003:8500 96 00 00 CB 46 00 00 CE 92 00 00 D1 D4 00 00 D4 ĒF. Éo...Ì#...Ïs. 0003:8510 DC 00 00 D7 C3 00 00 DA 93 00 00 DD 84 00 00 DF U...×Ã Ý...B 0003:8960 D5 C5 00 00 D8 B0 00 00 DB 84 00 00 DE 79 0003:8520 83 00 00 E1 D6 00 00 E8 BF 00 00 EF B3 00 00 F3 áÖ ..13..6 0003:8970 E0 7B 00 00 E2 D2 00 00 E9 BF 00 00 F0 B7 00 00 à{..â0 0003:8530 16 00 00 F6 13 00 00 F9 07 00 00 FB D4 00 00 FD ō., 00. v 0003:8980 F4 1E 00 00 F7 1F 00 00 FA 17 00 00 FC E8 0003:8540 A7 00 01 00 6C 00 01 02 E6 00 01 05 4C 00 01 07 § 0003:8990 FE BE 00 01 01 87 00 01 04 05 00 01 06 6F 0003:8550 A9 00 01 09 E5 00 01 0C 14 00 01 0E 6A 00 01 0E 9...6 0003:89A0 08 D0 00.01 OB 20 00 01 0D 43 00 01 0F 9D 00 01 0003:8560 C0 00 01 11 DB 00 01 13 EA 00 01 16 50 00 01 1A Å. 0003:89B0 10 F6 00 01 13 15 00 01 15 28 00 01 17 92 00 01 0003:8570 55 00 01 1D D7 00 01 21 21 00 01 23 C2 00 01 25 U. ..×..!!..#Â..% 0003:8900 1B 9B 00 01 1E 21 00 01 22 6E 00 01 25 14 00 01 0003:8580 55 00 01 27 DC 00 01 2A 31 00 01 2C A1 00 01 2E U. . 'U. .*1. 0003:89D0 26 AA 00 01 29 35 00 01 2B 8E 00 01 2E 02 00 01 0003:89E0 3049 0003:8590 E4 00 01 31 1E 00 01 33 B6 00 01 35 FE 00 01 37 a..1...39 5þ . . 7 00 01 32 87 00 01 35 23 00 01 37 6F 00 01 0I..2...5# 0003:85A0 B8 00 01 3A 2D 00 01 3C A4 00 01 3F 27 00 01 41 ...: -... < n...?'... A 0003:89F0 39 2C 00 01 3B A5 00 01 3E 20 00 01 40 A7 00 01 9...; ¥ 0003:85B0 69 00 01 4C C8 00 01 4F CE 00 01 53 24 00 01 55 i..LÈ..OÎ..S\$..U 0003:8A00 42 ED 00 01 4E 50 00 01 51 5A 00 01 54 B4 0003:85C0 90 00 01 58 A1 00 01 5B 88 00 01 5D DE 00 01 64 ...Xi. [...]P.d 0003:8A10 57 23 00 01 5A 38 00 01 5D 23 00 01 5F 7D 00 01 W#. Z8 0003:85D0 06 00 01 6A 17 00 01 6C CA 00 01 6F 6F 00 01 71 ...j...lÊ...oo..q 0003:8A20 65 A9 00 01 6B BE 00 01 6E 75 00 01 71 1E 00 01 e0. k%. nu

Original file MOOV box hexdump

Stego-file MOOV box hexdump

Secret information is hidden inside the the MOOV box

Once again it could not be proved ...

- ... due to two reasons:
- $\cdot\,$ The fact that the secret information is encrypted
- $\cdot\,$ The use of deniable steganography techniques

Pursuits to make the analysis and/or examination of evidence difficult or impossible to conduct

 \cdot Encryption and steganography among the ways

Relies on several weaknesses of the forensic process

 $\cdot\,$ Human element, dependency on tools

There is always the chance of being detected using these techniques

- $\cdot\,$ Resisting to these unpredictable attacks is also possible ...
- $\cdot\,$... even when forced to provide a valid password to extract the data

Camouflage based technique

• Even if the steganalyst is able to state that data is being hidden, allows the breaker to convincingly deny that fact

OpenPuff implements deniable steganography

- $\cdot\,$ Possible to hide two different messages in the cover file
 - $\cdot\,$ One which contains the sensitive data
 - One which although is plausible to be considered sensitive, the user is willingly to give away

One of the reasons why the statistical attacks are ineffective

CONCLUSION

Techniques used on images and audio can also be applied to videos

• Most common use the spacial domain (LSB) and the frequency domain (DCT)

Statistical analysis can reveal the presence of hidden data

- $\cdot\,$ However it is a difficult process to carry out
- $\cdot\,$ Hidden information tends to be nearly impossible to be detectable

Best way to prevent steganography would be to alter or destroy files which are considered suspicious

• New video compression methods where less redundant bits are available is also a possibility

The attacks performed proved to be insufficient to determine the hidden information

• It would be interesting to assess if the hidden information can be retrieved

QUESTIONS?