#7 Thinking in possibilities for federated log out.

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Introduction

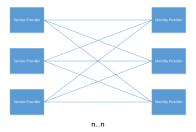
- Authentication & Authorization
- Federated identity
- SAML 2.0 and OpenID connect
- Logout possibilities

SAML 2.0

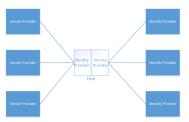
- XML based
- Open standard protocol
- Exchange security information
- Parties
 - User Agent
 - Service Provider
 - Identity Provider
- Protocols
 - Single Sign On
 - Single Logout

SAML Infrastructures

Mesh



Hub & Spoke



SURFconext (SURFnet)

- Infrastructure for Collaboration
- Based on 99% SAML 2.0 protocol
- 800+ Service Providers
- 173 Identity Providers
- Single Sign On
 - Implemented
- Single Logout
 - Not implemented

SURFconext Infrastructure

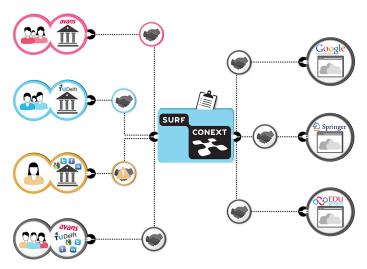


Figure: SURFconext schema [3]

SURFconext Identity Providers

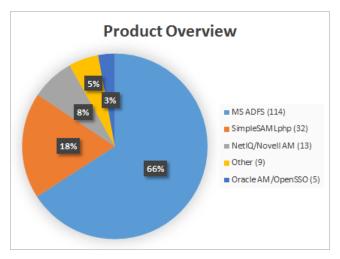


Figure: SURFconext - Identity Providers product overview (13 Jan 2017) [1]

SURFconext Logins

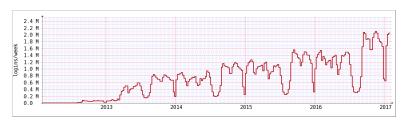


Figure: SURFconext - Login overview (1 Feb 2017)[4]

Research Questions

Based on the introduction we defined the following research question:

What are the possibilities for federated log out?
Sub-questions:

- What do the users expect to happen when they log out of a service provider?
- Based on the user's expectations, which possible solutions provide the user's expectations?
- Based on the possible solutions, which is/are the most feasible one(s)?

Research

- Interviewing Service Providers
- Desk research
- Possibilities (SURFconext)
- Proof of Concept

Result: Expectation of the users

All Service Providers had the same idea of what the users expect

- Log out by only the application
- Suggestion: Portal overview sessions

Result: Possible Solutions

- Disabling Single Sign On
- Defining a new protocol in SAML for Partial Logout
- Using the Single Logout protocol for Partial Logout
- ForceAuthn attribute

Possible solution: Disabling Single Sign On

Federation between Service Providers and Identity Provider

- PROS
 - Awareness
 - One Identity
 - Security
- CONS
 - Disproves users usability
 - Inefficient

Possible solution: Defining a new protocol for Partial Logout

Defining a new Protocol

- PROS
 - Flexibility
 - Security
- CONS
 - Design considerations
 - Implementation/Design time
 - Implementation limits (not a Standard)

Possible solution: Using the Single Logout Protocol

Single Logout Protocol Reason attribute (optional)

- PROS
 - Flexibility SURFconext
 - Standard protocol used by Service Providers
- CONS
 - Service Providers needs to add a attribute
 - SURFconext infrastructure
 - Implementation SURFconext

Possible solution: ForceAuthn attribute

Setting the ForceAuthn in authentication request

- PROS
 - Flexibility Service Providers
 - No additional implementation SURFconext and Identity Providers
 - Standard protocol
- CONS
 - Unambiguously for users
 - Security (current authentication request are not signed)

Suggested solution/Conclusion

- Suggested solution
 - Using the Single Log Out Protocol with additional reason attribute

Suggested solution

Working of Single Logout

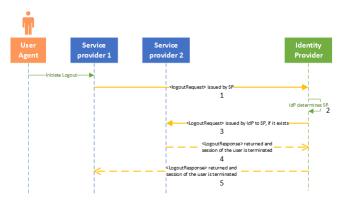


Figure: SAML Single Log Out [2]

Suggested solution

Partial Logout by SURFconext

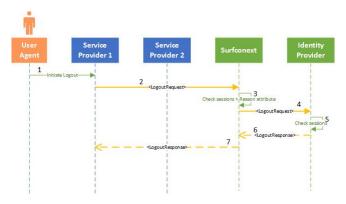


Figure: SAML Partial Logout

Suggested solution

Log Out Request from Service Provider

Suggested Feature

Session Overview Portal

- SURFconext records session information
- Specified in the report

Demo

Demo

Thanks... Questions?



Knowledge surfconext by thijs kinkhorst.

2017.

OASIS.

Saml v2.0 profiles.

2005.

SURFnet.

Documentation of service providers.

2017.

SURFnet.

statistic overview.

2017.