

# Categorizing container escape methodologies in multi-tenant environments

Rik Janssen

*rik.janssen@os3.nl*

Research Project 1  
MSc Security and Network Engineering (SNE/OS3)  
University of Amsterdam

Supervisor:  
Max Hovens  
KPMG Cyber Security Netherlands

February 6, 2018

## Operating-system-level virtualization

- Docker, LXC, FreeBSD Jails, etc.
- Container escapes
- Host system takeover
- Data leakage
- Multi-tenant environments

## Research Question

- How to systematically categorize vulnerabilities relating to multi-tenant environments that make use of operating-system-level virtualization?

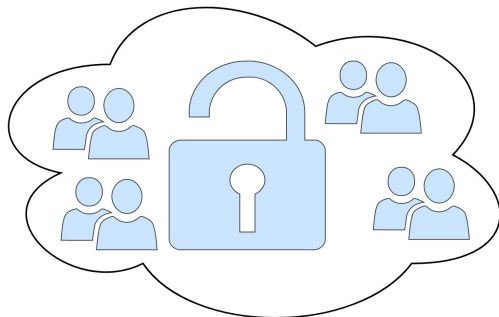


Figure 1: Public cloud

## **Comparative study [1] of OS-level virtualization systems:**

- defines attacker model;
- defines security requirements for isolation techniques;
- LXC, FreeBSD Jails, Solaris Zones, etc., but not Docker.

## **Later study [2] extends on previous study:**

- Linux only (Docker);
- evaluates and extends security requirements;
- correlates CVEs to requirements.

**Both focus on single container host.**

## Literature study

- Linux and Kubernetes
- Breakdown of components
- Mapping CVEs
- Extending requirements
- Affected workloads
- Mitigation techniques

# Results - Architecture overview

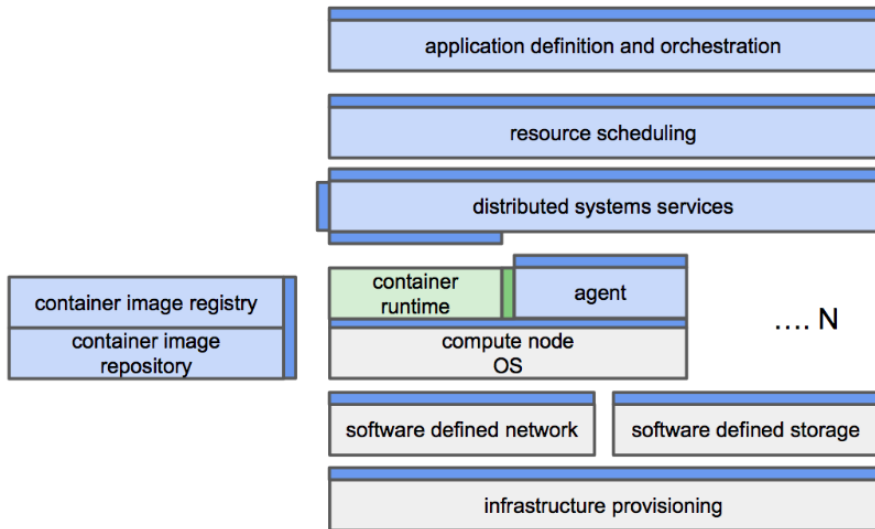


Figure 2: Cloud Native Computing Foundation (CNCF) Scope [3]

# Results - Architecture overview

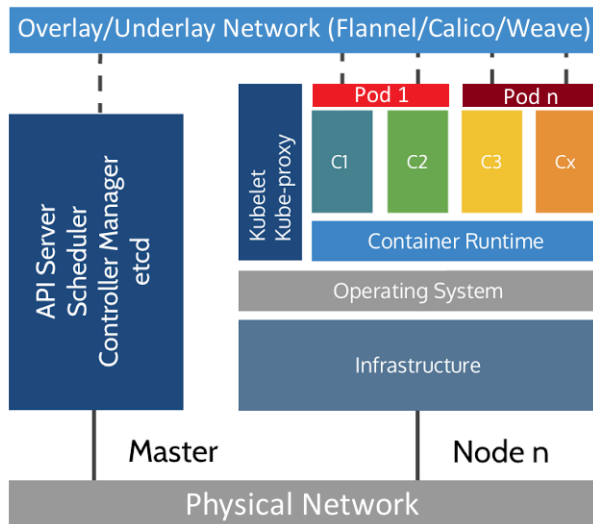


Figure 3: Kubernetes [4]

Hardened application
User namespace w/o caps
Mount protections
Minimal container distro
Syscall Filtering w/ seccomp-bpf
Linux kernel with grsecurity+pax
HYPERVISOR/HARDWARE

Figure 4: NCC Group's security model [5]



# Results - Attack surface via linking

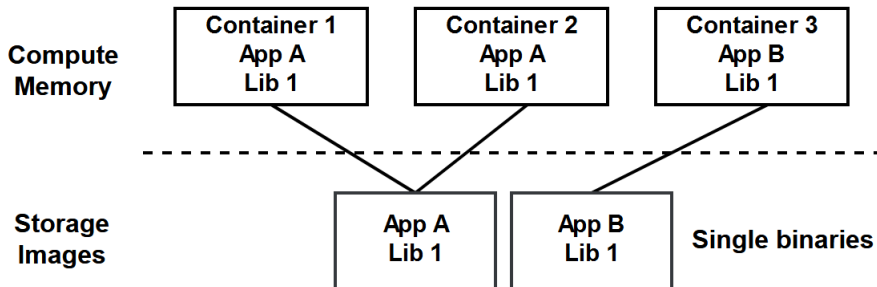


Figure 5: Static linking

# Discussion - Attack surface via linking

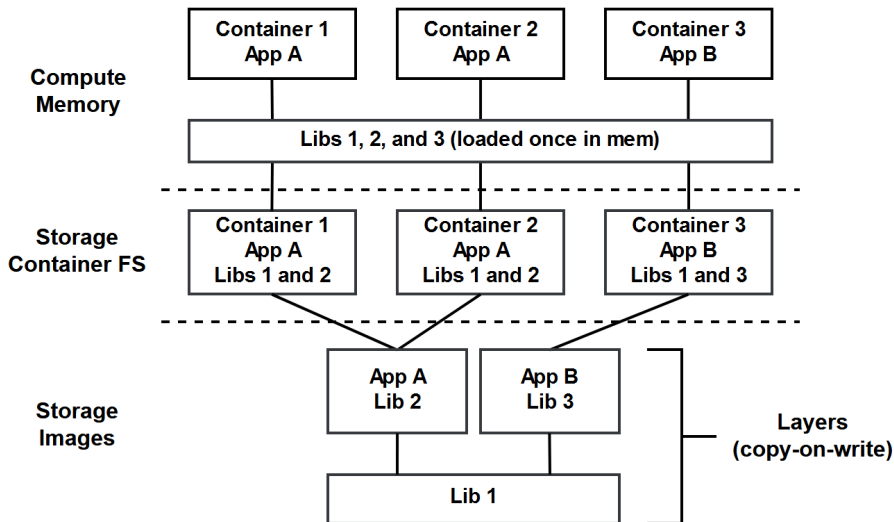


Figure 6: Dynamic linking

## Etcd

- Distributed key-value store
- Single source of configuration truth
- Authorization Modules (e.g. 'ABAC')
- One CVE found (CVE-2015-5305)

## OpenShift

- Red Hat
- Integrated platform (Atomic OS + Docker + Kubernetes)

Side-channel attack [6] utilizing out-of-order execution and CPU cache timings to read **all** physical memory.

- Hardware-level vulnerability
- Possible from any user space process
- Containers specifically mentioned in regards to information leakage
- Intel covered in paper
- Mitigate using kernel page-table isolation patches

## Research question

How to systematically categorize vulnerabilities relating to multi-tenant environments that make use of operating-system-level virtualization?

## Research question

How to systematically categorize vulnerabilities relating to multi-tenant environments that make use of operating-system-level virtualization?

## Answer (preliminary)

- Application architecture is critical due to tight coupling with the underlying infrastructure.
- Security boundary is moved to the infrastructure (i.e. hardware) level.
- Utilize integrated approach (i.e. don't use upstream).

- Compliance correlation (e.g. ISO, HIPAA, NEN)
- Other OS-level virtualization platforms (e.g. Windows, \*BSD, Nomad, Mesos, etc.)
- Other virtualization techniques (e.g. full and/or para)
- Automated workload classification and orchestration
- Istio platform (alpha)

- [1] E. Reshetova, J. Karhunen, T. Nyman, and N. Asokan, “Security of os-level virtualization technologies,” in *Nordic Conference on Secure IT Systems*, pp. 77–93, Springer, 2014.
- [2] S. Laurén, M. R. Memarian, M. Conti, and V. Leppänen, “Analysis of security in modern container platforms,” in *Research Advances in Cloud Computing*, pp. 351–369, Springer, 2017.
- [3] The Linux Foundation, “Cloud Native Computing Foundation (CNCF) Charter,” 2017.  
[Online]. Available: <https://www.cncf.io/about/charter>. [Accessed: Jan. 15, 2018].
- [4] I. Gunaratne, “A Reference Architecture for Deploying WSO2 Middleware on Kubernetes,” Jan. 2017.  
[Online]. Available: <https://medium.com/containermind/a-reference-architecture-for-deploying-wso2-middleware-on-kubern>  
[Accessed: Jan. 17, 2018].



- [5] A. Grattafiori, “Def con 23 - aaron grattafiori - linux containers: Future or fantasy? - 101 track.” Youtube. 2015. Available: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iN6QbszB1R8> [Accessed: Jan. 3, 2018].
- [6] M. Lipp, M. Schwarz, D. Gruss, T. Prescher, W. Haas, S. Mangard, P. Kocher, D. Genkin, Y. Yarom, and M. Hamburg, “Meltdown.” arXiv:1801.01207, Jan. 2018.